

PROVISIONING

Function:	Average Completion Interval and Order Completion Interval Distribution
Measurement Overview:	The "average completion interval" measure monitors the time required by BST to deliver integrated and operable service components requested by the CLEC, regardless of whether resale services or unbundled network elements are employed. When the service delivery interval of BST is measured for comparable services, then conclusions can be drawn regarding whether or not CLECs have a reasonable opportunity to compete for customers. The "order completion interval distribution" measure monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer. In addition, when monitored over time, the "average completion interval" and "percent completed on time" may prove useful in detecting developing capacity issues.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Average Completion Interval = $\sum [(\text{Completion Date \& Time}) - (\text{Order Issue Date \& Time})] / (\text{Count of Orders Completed in Reporting Period})$</p> <p>2. Order Completion Interval Distribution = $\sum (\text{Service Orders Completed in "X" days}) / (\text{Total Service Orders Completed in Reporting Period}) \times 100$</p> <p>The actual completion interval is determined for each order processed during the reporting period. The completion interval is the elapsed time from BST receipt of a syntactically correct order from the CLEC to BST's actual order completion date. Elapsed time for each order is accumulated for each reporting dimension. The accumulated time for each reporting dimension is then divided by the associated total number of orders completed within the reporting period.</p> <p>The distribution of completed orders is determined by first counting, for each specified reporting dimension, the total numbers of orders completed within the reporting interval and the interval between the issue date of each order and the completion date. <i>D&F orders where the CLEC serves as the agent for the end-user are included in this measurement.</i> For each reporting dimension, the resulting count of orders completed for each specified time period following the issue date is divided by the total number of orders completed with the resulting fraction expressed as a percentage.</p> <p>Definition: Average time from issue date of service order to actual order completion date.</p> <p>Methodology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanized metric from ordering system

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Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • State and Regional Level • ISDN Orders included in Non Design - GA Only • Dispatch/No Dispatch categories are not applicable to trunks. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canceled Service Orders • Initial Order when supplemented by CLEC • Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Order Number • Order Submission Date • Order Submission Time • Order Completion Date • Order Completion Time • Service Type • Activity Type • State and Region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Average Order Completion Interval • Order Completion by Interval • Service Type • Activity Type • State and Region

Order Completion Interval Distribution and Average Completion Interval

RESALE RESIDENCE	Same Day	1	2	3	4	5	>5	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
BST orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
No Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
BST orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

RESALE BUSINESS	Same Day	1	2	3	4	5	>5	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
BST orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
No Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits								
BST orders								
< 10 circuits	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
>= 10 circuits								

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Order Completion Interval Distribution and Average Completion Interval

UNE NON DESIGN	0 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	> 30	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
No Dispatch								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

UNE DESIGN	0 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	> 30	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
No Dispatch								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

UNE LOOPS w/LNP	Same Day	1	2	3	4	5	> 5	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
< 5 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 5 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
No Dispatch								
< 5 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 5 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

	0 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	> 30	Average Completion Interval
LOCAL INTERCONNECTION TRUNKS	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

RESALE DESIGN	0 - 5	6 - 10	11 - 15	16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	> 30	Average Completion Interval
Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BST orders								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
No Dispatch								
CLEC orders								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BST orders								
< 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
>= 10 Circuits	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

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Function:	Held Order Interval Distribution and Mean Interval
Measurement Overview:	When delays occur in completing CLEC orders, the average period that CLEC orders are held for BST reasons, pending a delayed completion, should be no worse for the CLEC when compared to BST delayed orders.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Mean Held Order Interval = $\sum (\text{Reporting Period Close Date} - \text{Committed Order Due Date}) / (\text{Number of Orders Pending and Past The Committed Due Date})$ for all orders pending and past the committed due date.</p> <p>This metric is computed at the close of each report period. The held order interval is established by first identifying all orders, at the close of the reporting interval, that both have not been reported as "completed" via a valid completion notice and have passed the currently "committed completion date" for the order. <i>Held orders due to end-user reasons are included and identified in this report.</i> For each such order the number of calendar days between the committed completion date and the close of the reporting period is established and represents the held order interval for that particular order. The held order interval is accumulated by the standard groupings, unless otherwise noted, and the reason for the order being held, if identified. The total number of days accumulated in a category is then divided by the number of held orders within the same category to produce the mean held order interval.</p> <p>2. Held Order Distribution Intervals</p> <p>(# of Orders Held for ≥ 90 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100.</p> <p>(# of Orders Held for ≥ 15 days) / (Total # of Orders Pending But Not Completed) X 100.</p> <p>This "percentage orders held" measure is complementary to the held order interval but is designed to reflect orders continuing in a "non-completed" state for an extended period of time. Computation of this metric utilizes a subset of the data accumulated for the "held order interval" measure. All orders, for which the "held order interval" equals or exceeds 90 or 15 days are counted, unless otherwise noted as an exclusion. The total number of pending and past due orders are counted (as was done for the held order interval) and divided into the count of orders held past 90 or 15 days.</p> <p>Definition: Average time orders continue in a "non-complete" state for an extended period of time.</p> <p>Methodology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanized metric from ordering system.

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Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement. Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date Committed Due Date Service Type Hold Reason State and Region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month Average Held Order Interval Standard Error for the Average Held Order Interval Service Type Hold Reason State and Region

Held Order Interval Distribution and Mean Interval

	%>=15 Days				%>=90 Days				Mean Interval
	Facilities	Equip.	Other	End User Reasons	Facilities	Equip.	Other	End User Reasons	
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
UNE Non Design	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
UNE Design	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Resale - Residence	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Resale - Business	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Resale - Design	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
UNE - Loops w/LNP	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BST Retail Residence	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BST Retail Business	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
BST Retail Design	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

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Function:	Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice.
Measurement Overview:	When BST can determine in advance that a committed due date is in jeopardy it will provide advance notice to the CLEC. There is no equivalent BST analog for Average Jeopardy & Percent Orders Given Jeopardy Notices.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Average Jeopardy Interval = $\frac{\sum (\text{Date and Time of Scheduled Due Date on Service Order}) - (\text{Date and Time of Jeopardy Notice})}{\text{Number of Orders in Jeopardy in Reporting Period}}$.</p> <p>2. Numbers of Orders Given Jeopardy Notices in Reporting Period/Number of Orders in Reporting Period.</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement Orders held for CLEC end user reasons
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date Committed Due Date Service Type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No BST Analog Exists

Average Jeopardy Notice Interval & Percentage of Orders Given Jeopardy Notice.

	Average Interval of Prior Notification (Hours)	Percent Orders in Jeopardy
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X
Resale Residence	X	X
Resale Business	X	X
Resale Design	X	X
UNE Loops with LNP	X	X
UNE	X	X

PROVISIONING

Function:	Installation Timeliness, Quality & Accuracy
Measurement Overview:	The "percent missed installation appointments" measure monitors the reliability of BST commitments with respect to committed due dates to assure that CLECs can reliably quote expected due dates to their retail customer as compared to BST. Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation measures the quality and accuracy of installation activities.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Percent Missed Installation Appointments = $\sum (\text{Number of Orders missed in Reporting Period}) / (\text{Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period}) \times 100$</p> <p>Percent Missed Installation Appointments is the percentage of total orders processed for which BST is unable to complete the service orders on the committed due dates. <i>Missed Appointments caused by end-user reasons will be included and reported separately.</i></p> <p>Definition: Percent of orders where completion's are not done by due date. See "Exclude Situations" for orders not included in this measurement</p> <p>Methodology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mechanized metric from ordering system <p>2. % Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Service Order Activity = $\sum (\text{Trouble reports on Services installed} \leq 30 \text{ days following service order(s) completion}) / (\text{All Service Orders in a calendar month}) \times 100$</p> <p>Definition: Measures the quality and accuracy of completed orders</p> <p>Methodology:</p> <p>Mechanized metric from ordering and maintenance systems.</p>

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Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC End User Reasons (Jeopardy Notification only) BST End User Reasons (, Jeopardy Notification only) Orders canceled by the CLEC Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services.
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date Order Submission Time Status Type Status Notice Date Status Notice Time Standard Order Activity State and Region Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month BST Order Number Order Submission Date Order Submission Time Status Type Status Notice Date Status Notice Time Standard Order Activity State and Region Level

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Percent Missed Installation Appointments

	Dispatch				No-Dispatch				Dispatch				No-Dispatch			
	<5 ckts		>=5 ckts		<5 ckts		>=5 ckts		<10 ckts		>=10 ckts		<10 ckts		>=10 ckts	
	CLEC/EU	BST	CLEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	EC/EU	BST	CLEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST
Local Interconnection Trunks (Total Only)																
- Total																
UNE Non Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
UNE Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Residence									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Business									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
UNE - Loops w/LNP	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
- Total																

Percent Missed Installation Appointments—End User Caused Missed Appointments

	Dispatch				No-Dispatch				Dispatch				No-Dispatch			
	<5 ckts		>=5 ckts		<5 ckts		>=5 ckts		<10 ckts		>=10 ckts		<10 ckts		>=10 ckts	
	CLEC/EU	BST	CLEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	EC/EU	BST	CLEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST	LEC/EU	BST
Local Interconnection Trunks (Total Only)																
- Total																
UNE Non Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
UNE Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Residence									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Business									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
Resale - Design									X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- Total																
UNE - Loops w/LNP		X	X	X	X	X	X	X								
- Total																

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Percent Provisioning Troubles within 30 days of Installation

	Dispatch	No-Dispatch	Total Only X
Local Interconnection Trunks (CLEC & BST)			
UNE Non Design	X	X	
UNE Design	X	X	
Resale - Residence	X	X	
Resale - Business	X	X	
Resale - Design	X	X	
UNE - Loops w/LNP	X	X	
BST Retail Residence	X	X	
BST Retail Business	X	X	
BST Retail Design	X	X	

PROVISIONING

Function:	Coordinated Customer Conversions
Measurement Overview:	This category measures the average time it takes BST to disconnect an unbundled loop from the BST switch and cross connect it to a CLEC's equipment. This measurement only applies to service orders with and without LNP and where the CLEC has requested BST to provide a coordinated cut-over
Measurement Methodology:	1. Average Coordinated Customer Conversion Interval = $\left[\sum \left[(\text{Completion Date and Time for Cross Connection of an Unbundled Loop/with LNP}) - (\text{Disconnection Date and Time of an Unbundled Loop/ with LNP}) \right] \right] / \text{Total Number of Unbundled Loop Orders with/LNP for the reporting period.}$

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any order canceled by the CLEC will be excluded from this measurement. Delays due to CLEC following disconnection of the unbundled loop Any order where the CLEC has not requested a coordinated cut over Unbundled Loops where there is no existing subscriber loop
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date Committed Due Date Service Type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No BST Analog Exists

Coordinated Customer Conversions

	Average Interval
UNE Loops without LNP	X
UNE Loops with LNP	X

PROVISIONING

Function:	Average Completion Notice Interval
Measurement Overview:	The receipt of a completion notice by the CLEC from BST informs the carrier that their formal relationship with a customer has begun. This is useful to the CLEC in that it lets them know that they can begin with activities such as billing the customer for service.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Average Completion Notice Interval = $\Sigma[(\text{Date \& Time of Notice of Completion}) - (\text{Date \& Time of Work Completion})] / (\text{Number of Orders Completed in Reporting Period})$</p> <p>Definition: The Completion Notice Interval is the elapsed time between the BST reported completion of work and the issuance of a valid completion notice to the CLEC. There is no equivalent BST Retail Measurement.</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
• Under Development	• Under Development
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
• Under Development	• N/A

Average Completion Notice Interval

Reported Month:

	Average Interval
CLEC A	
CLEC AGGREGATE	
- Resale Residence	X
- Resale Business	X
- Resale Special	X

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Function:	OSS Response Interval
Measurement Overview:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This measure is designed to monitor the time required for the CLEC interface system to obtain from BST's legacy systems the information required to handle maintenance and repair functions. This measure also addresses the availability of the OSS interface for repair and maintenance.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. . OSS Interface Availability = (Actual Availability)/(Scheduled Availability) X 100</p> <p>Definition: This measure shows the percentage of time the OSS interface is actually available compared to scheduled availability. Availability percentages for the CLEC and BST interface systems and for legacy systems accessed by them are captured.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized reports from OSSs.</p> <p>2 OSS Response Interval = Access Times in Increments of Less Than or Equal to 4 Seconds, Greater Than 4 Seconds but Less Than or Equal to 10 Seconds, Less Than or Equal to 10 Seconds, Greater Than 10 Seconds, or Greater Than 30 Seconds.</p> <p>Definition: Response intervals are determined by subtracting the time a request is submitted from the time the response is received. Percentages of requests falling into the categories listed above are reported, along with the actual number of requests falling into those categories. This measure provides a method to compare BST and CLEC response times for accessing the legacy data needed for maintenance & repair functions.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized reports from OSSs.</p>

OSS Maintenance and Repair Interface Availability

OSS Interface	% Availability
CLEC TAFI	X
BST TAFI	X
LMOS Host	X
MARCH	X
SOCS	X

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

OSS MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR RESPONSE INTERVAL

Transaction Name	Transaction Totals			Average Response Time														
				≤ 4 Seconds			≥ 4 and ≤ 10 Seconds			≤ 10.0 Sec.			> 10 Sec.			> 30 Sec.		
	CLEC	BST BUS	BST RES	CLEC	BST BUS	BST RES	CLEC	BST RES	BST BUS	CLEC	BST RES	BST BUS	CLEC	BST RES	BST BUS	CLEC	BST RES	BST BUS
CRIS																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
DLETH																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
DLR																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
OSPCM																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LMOS																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LMOSupd																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
MARCH																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Predictor																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
SOCS																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
LNP																		
- Count	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
- % of Total				X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

Function:	Average Answer Time - Repair Centers
Measurement Overview:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> This measure monitors that BST's handling of support center calls from CLECs are comparable with support center calls by BST's retail customers.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Average Answer Time for BST's Repair Centers = (Total time in seconds for BST's Repair Centers response) / (Total number of calls) by reporting period</p> <p>Definition: This measure demonstrates an average response time for the CLEC to contact a BST representative</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized report from Repair Centers Automatic Call Distributors.</p>

Average Answer Time - Repair Centers

	Average Answer Time/Month in Seconds			
	Business Repair Center	BST Resale Repair Center	Residence Repair Center	UNE Center
Region Total	X	X	X	X

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Function:	Missed Repair Appointments
Measurement Overview:	When the data for this measure is collected for BST and a CLEC it can be used to compare the percentage of accurate estimates of the time required to complete service repairs for BST and the CLEC.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>2. Percentage of Missed Repair Appointments = (Count of Customer Troubles Not Resolved by the Quoted Resolution Time and Date) / (Count of Customer Trouble Tickets Closed) X 100.</p> <p>Definition: Percent of trouble reports not cleared by date and time committed. Note: Appointment intervals vary with force availability in the POTS environment. Specials and Trunk intervals are standard interval appointments of no greater than 24 hours.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized metric from maintenance database(s).</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CLEC Specific CLEC Aggregate BST Aggregate State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request BST trouble reports associated with internal or administrative service
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Ticket Number Ticket Submission Date Ticket Submission Time Ticket Completion Time Ticket Completion Date Service Type Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) State and Region Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month BST Ticket Number Ticket Submission Date Ticket Submission Time Ticket Completion Time Ticket Completion Date Service Type Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) State and Region Level

Missed Repair Appointments

	Total	Dispatch		No-Dispatch	
		CLEC/EU	BST	CLEC/EU	BST
Local Interconnection Trunks **					
- Total					
Resale - Residence	X	X	X	X	X
- Total		X		X	
Resale - Business	X	X	X	X	X
- Total		X		X	
Resale - Design **					
- Total					
UNE Design **					
- Total					
UNE Non Design	X	X	X	X	X
- Total		X		X	
BST					
Local Interconnection Trunks **					
Retail Residence	X	X		X	
Retail Business	X	X		X	
Retail Design **	X	X		X	

Note** Customer Trouble Reports related to Interconnection Trunks and Design services are not given appointments, but are handled on a priority first in, first out basis

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Function:	Customer Trouble Report Rate
Measurement Overview:	This measure can be used to establish the frequency (rate) of customer trouble reports and employed to compare CLEC with BST results.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Customer Trouble Report Rate = (Count of Initial and Repeated Trouble Reports in the Current Period) / (Number of Service Access Lines in Service at End of the Report Period) X 100. Note: Local Interconnection Trunks are reported only as total troubles.</p> <p>The Customer Trouble Report Rate is computed by accumulating the number of <i>maintenance_initial</i> and <i>repeated trouble reports</i> during the reporting period. The resulting number of trouble reports are divided by the total number of "service access lines" existing for CLECs and BST respectively at the end of the report period.</p> <p>Definition: Initial and repeated customer direct or referred troubles reported within a calendar month (Where cause is not in carrier equipment) per 100 lines/circuits in service.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized metric for trouble reports and lines in service.</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble tickets canceled at the CLEC request • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • CLEC Ticket Number • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Time • Ticket Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) • State and Region Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • BST Ticket Number • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Time • Ticket Completion Date • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) • State and Region Level

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Customer Trouble Report Rate

	Dispatch	No Dispatch	Total
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Resale Residence	X	X	X
Resale Business	X	X	X
Resale Design	X	X	X
UNE Design	X	X	X
UNE Non Design	X	X	X
BST			
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Retail Residence	X	X	X
Retail Business	X	X	X
Retail Design	X	X	X
UNE Loop w/LNP		X	X

Function:	Quality of Repair & Time to Restore
Measurement Overview:	This measure, when collected for both the CLEC and BST and compared, monitors that CLEC maintenance requests are cleared comparably to BST maintenance requests.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>3. Maintenance Average Duration = (Total Duration Time from the Receipt to the Clearing of Trouble Reports) / (Total Troubles)</p> <p>4. Percent Repeat Troubles within 30 Days = (Total Repeated Trouble Reports within 30 Days) / (Total Troubles) X 100</p> <p>5. Out of Service (OOS) > 24 Hours = (Total Troubles OOS > 24 Hours) / (Total OOS Troubles) X 100</p> <p>Definition: For Out of Service Troubles (no dial tone, cannot be called or cannot call out): the percentage of troubles cleared in excess of 24 hours.</p> <p>For Percent Repeat Trouble Reports within 30 Days: Trouble reports on the same line/circuit as a previous trouble report within the last 30 calendar days as a percent of total troubles reported.</p> <p>For Average Duration: Average time from the receipt of a trouble until the trouble is cleared.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized metric from maintenance database(s).</p>

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate • State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trouble reports canceled at the CLEC request • BST trouble reports associated with administrative service
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Tickets • CLEC Ticket Number • Ticket Submission Date • Ticket Submission Time • Ticket Completion Time • Ticket Completion Date • Total Duration Time • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) • State and Region Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Month • Total Troubles • Percentage of Customer Troubles Out of Service > 24 Hours • Total and Percent Repeat Trouble Reports with 30 Days • Total Duration Time • Service Type • Disposition and Cause (Non-Design/Non-Special only) • State and Region Level

Service Quality Measurements
Regional Performance Reports

07/06/98

MAINTENANCE & REPAIR

Maintenance Average Duration

	Dispatch	No Dispatch	Total
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Resale Residence	X	X	X
Resale Business	X	X	X
Resale Design	X	X	X
UNE Design	X	X	X
UNE Non Design	X	X	X
BST			
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Retail Residence	X	X	X
Retail Business	X	X	X
Retail Design	X	X	X

Percent Repeat Trouble within 30 Days

	Dispatch	No Dispatch	Total
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Resale Residence	X	X	X
Resale Business	X	X	X
Resale Design	X	X	X
UNE Design	X	X	X
UNE Non Design	X	X	X
BST			
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Retail Residence	X	X	X
Retail Business	X	X	X
Retail Design	X	X	X

Out of Service more than 24 Hours

	Dispatch	No Dispatch	Total
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Resale Residence	X	X	X
Resale Business	X	X	X
Resale Design	X	X	X
UNE Design	X	X	X
UNE Non Design	X	X	X
BST			
Local Interconnection Trunks	X	X	X
Retail Residence	X	X	X
Retail Business	X	X	X
Retail Design	X	X	X

BILLING

Function:	Invoice Accuracy & Timeliness
Measurement Overview:	The accuracy of billing invoices delivered by BST to the CLEC must provide CLECs with the opportunity to deliver bills at least as accurate as those delivered by BST. Producing and comparing this measurement result for both the CLEC and BST allows a determination as to whether or not parity exists.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Invoice Accuracy = [(Total Local Services Billed Revenues during current month) - (Total Adjustment Revenues during current month) / Total Local Services Billed Revenues during current month] x 100</p> <p>This measure provides the percentage accuracy of the billing invoices for a CLEC by dividing the difference between the total billed revenue and total adjustment revenues by the total billed revenues during the current month.</p> <p>2. Mean Time to Deliver Invoices = $\sum (\text{Invoice Transmission Date}) - (\text{Date of Scheduled Bill Cycle Close}) / (\text{Count of Invoices Transmitted in Reporting Period})$</p> <p>This measure provides the mean interval for billing invoices. CRIS-based invoices should be delivered within six (6) workdays, and CABS-based invoices should be delivered within eight (8) calendar days.</p> <p>Objective: Measures the percentage of accuracy and mean interval for timeliness of billing records delivered to CLECs in an agreed upon format.</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Specific • CLEC Aggregate • BST Aggregate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any invoices rejected due to formatting or content errors
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Invoice Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Resale ■ Unbundled Element Invoices (UNE) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Retail Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CRIS ■ CABS

Invoice Accuracy

Reported Month:

Invoice Type:

	Total Billed Revenues	Total Adjustment Revenues	% Accuracy
CLEC A	X	X	X
CLEC AGGREGATE	X	X	X
BST AGGREGATE	X	X	X

Invoice Timeliness

Reported Month:

Invoice Type:

	% CRIS Bills Released (by 6 th Workday)	% CABS Bills Released (By 8 th Workday)
CLEC Specific Region		
CLEC Aggregate Region		
- Resale	X	
- UNE		X
BST Aggregate		
Region	X	X

BILLING

Function:	Usage Data Delivery Accuracy, Timeliness & Completeness
Measurement Overview:	The accuracy of usage records delivered by BST to the CLEC must provide CLECs with the opportunity to deliver bills at least as accurate as those delivered by BST. Producing and comparing this measurement result for both the CLEC and BST allows a determination as to whether or not parity exists.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Usage Data Delivery Accuracy = (Total number of usage data packs sent during current month) - (Total number of usage data packs requiring retransmission during current month) / Total number of usage data packs sent during current month</p> <p>This measurement captures the percentage of recorded usage and recorded usage data packets transmitted error free and in an agreed upon format to the appropriate CLEC, as well as a parity measurement against BST Data Packet Transmission.</p> <p>2. Usage Data Delivery Completeness = (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month that are within thirty (30) days of the message(usage record) create date) / (Total number of Recorded usage records delivered during the current month)</p> <p>This measurement provides percentage of recorded usage data (BellSouth recorded and usage recorded by other carriers) processed and transmitted to the CLEC within thirty (30) days of the message (usage record) create date. A parity measure is also provided showing completeness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS.</p> <p>3. Usage Data Delivery Timeliness = (Total number of usage records sent within six(6) calendar days from initial recording/receipt) / (Total number of usage records sent)</p> <p>This measurement provides percentage of recorded usage data(BellSouth recorded and usage recorded by other carriers) delivered to the appropriate CLEC within six (6) calendar days from initial recording. A parity measure is also provided showing timeliness of BST messages processed and transmitted via CMDS.</p> <p>Objective: The purpose of these measurements is to demonstrate the level of quality and timeliness of processing and transmission of both types of usage data (BellSouth recorded and usage recorded before other carriers) to the appropriate CLEC.</p> <p>Methodology: The usage data will be mechanically transmitted to the CLEC data processing center once daily. Timeliness and completeness measures are reported on the same report.</p>

BILLING

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CLEC Aggregate • CLEC Specific • BST Aggregate 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Record Type <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ CMDS (Centralized Message Delivery System) ■ Non-CMDS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Report Monthly • Record Type

Usage Data Delivery Accuracy

Reported Month:

Reported Month	Total Data Packs Sent	Total Packs Requiring Retransmission	% Accuracy
CLEC A	X	X	X
CLEC Aggregate	X	X	X
BST Aggregate	X	X	X

Usage Records Timeliness and Completeness

Report Period:

CLEC A			CLEC Aggregate			BST Aggregate		
Days Delay	Total Volume	Cumulative %	Days Delay	Total Volume	Cumulative %	Days Delay	Total Volume	Cumulative %
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

OPERATOR SERVICES: TOLL ASSISTANCE AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE (Toll, DA)

Function:	Speed to Answer Performance
Measurement Overview:	The speed of answer delivered to CLEC retail customers, when BST provides Operator Services with Toll Assisted Calls or Directory Assistance on behalf of the CLEC, must be substantially the same as the speed of answer that BST delivers to its own retail customers, for equivalent local services. The same facilities and operators are used to handle BST and CLEC customer calls, as well as inbound call queues that will not differentiate between BST & CLEC service.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. Average Speed to Answer (Toll) = $\Sigma (\text{Total Call Waiting Seconds}) / (\text{Total Calls Served})$</p> <p>2. Percent Answered within "X" Seconds (Toll) = Derived by converting the Average Speed to Answer (Toll) using BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to arrive at a percent of calls answered in less than ten seconds.</p> <p>3. Average Speed to Answer (DA) = $\Sigma (\text{Total Call Waiting Seconds}) / (\text{Total Calls Served})$</p> <p>4. Percent Answered within "X" Seconds (DA) = Derived by converting the Average Speed to Answer (DA) using BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to arrive at a percent of calls answered in less than twelve seconds.</p> <p>Definition: Measurement of the average time in seconds calls wait before answer by a Toll or DA operator and the percent of Toll or DA calls that are answered in less than a predetermined time frame.</p> <p>Methodology: The Average Speed to Answer for Toll and DA is provided today from monthly system measurement reports, taken from the centralized call routing switches. The "Total Call Waiting Seconds" is a sub-component of this measure, which BellSouth systems calculate by monitoring the total number of calls in queue throughout the day multiplied by the time (in seconds) between monitoring events. The "Total Calls Served" is the other sub-component of this measure, which BellSouth systems record as the total number of calls handled by Operator Services Toll or DA centers.</p> <p>The Percent Answered within ten and twelve seconds measurement for Toll and DA is derived by using the BellCore Statistical Answer Conversion Tables, to convert the Average Speed to Answer measure into a percent of calls answered within ten/twelve seconds. The BellCore Conversion Tables are specific to the defined parameters of work time, # of operators, max queue size and call abandonment rates.</p> <p>Current BellSouth call center switch technology and business operations do not provide mechanized measurements differentiating between human versus machine call answer processing methods.</p>

OPERATOR SERVICES: TOLL ASSISTANCE AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE (Toll, DA)

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Toll Assistance (Toll) in Aggregate • Directory Assistance (DA) in Aggregate • State 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calls abandoned by customers prior to answer by the BST Toll or DA operator
Data Retained (On Aggregate Basis):	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Month • Call Type (Toll or DA) • Average Speed of Answer 	

Report Formats:

Separate Reports will be produced for Each State in the BellSouth Region:

Operator Services: Toll & Directory Assistance

REPORT: OPERATOR SERVICES TOLL AND DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE

REPORT PERIOD: XX/XX/19XX - XX/XX/19XX

STATE:

	AVERAGE SPEED TO ANSWER (SECONDS)	% ANSWERED WITHIN "X" SECONDS
TOLL ASSISTANCE	X	% within 30 seconds
DIRECTORY ASSISTANCE	X	% within 20 seconds

E911

Function:	Timeliness and Accuracy
Business Implications:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BellSouth's goal is to maintain 100% accuracy in the E911 database for all its CLEC resale and retail customers by correctly processing all orders for E911 database updates. The 911 database update process ensures that the CLEC's updates are handled in parity with BST's updates. BST uses Network Data Mover (NDM) to transmit both CLEC resale and BST retail E911 updates to SCC (third party E911 database vendor) once per day for the entire region. No processing distinctions are made between CLEC records and BST records. These updates are processed within 24 hours. CLECs ordering unbundled switching and facility-based CLEC E911 providers are responsible for the accuracy of their data that is input into the E911 database. Facilities-based CLEC record updates are transmitted by the CLEC directly to SCC without any BST involvement. When BST retail or resale records experience errors in SCC's system, the errors are not returned to BST for correction. Instead, SCC handles and corrects all errors within 24 hours for both CLEC resale records and BST retail records. BellSouth through its E911 third party vendor provides accuracy and timeliness measurements for BST and its CLEC resale customers. In addition, BellSouth through its E911 third party vendor provides an accuracy and timeliness report for CLECs ordering unbundled switching and facilities-based CLECs.
Measurement Methodology:	<p>1. E911 Timeliness = $\sum (\text{Number of Confirmed Orders}) - (\text{Number of Orders missed in Reporting Period}) / (\text{Number of Orders Confirmed in Reporting Period}) \times 100$</p> <p>Definition: Measures the percentage of E911 database updates within a 24-hour period.</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized metric from ordering system</p> <p>2. E911 Accuracy = $\sum (\text{Total number of SOIR orders for E911 updates}) - \text{Total number of Service Order Interface Records (SOIRs) with errors generated from Daily TN activity (based on the E911 Local Exchange Carrier Guide for Facility-Based Providers)} / (\text{Total number of SOIR orders for E911 updates}) \times 100$</p> <p>Definition: Measures the percentage of accurate 911 database updates</p> <p>Methodology: Mechanized metric from ordering system</p>

Reporting Dimensions:	Excluded Situations:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> BST Aggregate (Includes CLEC resale customers) State and Regional Level 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any order canceled by the CLEC. Order Activities of BST associated with internal or administrative use of local services
Data Retained Relating to CLEC Experience:	Data Retained Relating to BST Performance:
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month CLEC Order Number Order Submission Date Order Submission Time Error Type Error Notice Date Error Notice Time Standard Order Activity State and Region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Report Month Error Type Average number of error Standard Order Activity State and Region

Service Quality Measurements
Regional Performance Reports

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E911

E911 Timeliness

	E911 Timeliness % within 24 Hours
CLEC A	X
CLEC AGGREGATE	X
BST AGGREGATE	X

E911 Accuracy

	E911 Accuracy %
CLEC A	X
CLEC AGGREGATE	X
BST AGGREGATE	X